

Board of County Commissioners Leon County, Florida

Policy No. 17 – 4

Title: Leon County Investment Policy

Date Adopted: July 11, 2017

Effective Date: July 11, 2017

Reference: Florida Statutes Section 218.415, Ordinance 02-18

Policy Superseded: Policy No. 02-12, Leon County Investment Policy, revised October 11, 2011; Policy No. 02-12, Leon County Investment Policy, revised September 14, 2010; Policy No. 02-12, Leon County Investment Policy, revised September 2, 2008; Policy No. 02-12, revised January 11, 2005; Policy No. 02-12, adopted September 17, 2002, revised October 11, 2011; revised February 25, 2014

It shall be the policy of the Board of County Commissioners of Leon County, Florida, that Policy No. 02-12, “Leon County Investment Policy”, revised February 25, 2014, is hereby superseded, and replaced in its entirety, and a new Policy No. 17-4 entitled “Leon County Investment Policy” is hereby adopted in its place, effective July 11, 2017, to wit:

I. SCOPE

This Policy was adopted using Florida Statutes Section 218.415 as a guideline and applies to all funds held by the County in excess of those required to meet current expenses.

II. INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The primary objectives of all investment activities for the County should be safety of principal, maintenance of adequate liquidity, and finally, return maximization.

- A. Safety of Principal. This is the foremost investment objective. Investment transactions should seek to keep capital losses to a minimum, whether the result of security defaults or erosion of market value. This is best insured by establishing minimum acceptable credit ratings, limiting overall portfolio duration, setting maximum exposures by sector, defining appropriate levels of diversification, and limiting exceptions.
- B. Maintenance of Liquidity. To meet the day-to-day operating needs of the County and to provide the ready cash to meet unforeseen temporary cash requirements, a liquidity base of approximately at least two months of anticipated disbursements will be kept in relatively short term investments. These would include investments in government pools with daily liquidity such as the Local Government Surplus Trust Fund or money markets.

- C. Return Maximization. Return is of least importance compared to the safety and liquidity objectives above. Investments are limited to relatively low risk securities in anticipation of earning a fair return relative to the risk being assumed.

III. STANDARDS OF CARE

- A. Standards of Prudence. The "Prudent Person" Rule shall be applied in the management of the overall investment portfolio. The "Prudent Person" Rule states: "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived. The Clerk and Finance Department employees performing the investment functions, acting as a "prudent person" in accordance with established procedures and this Policy and exercising due diligence, shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided that appropriate monitoring efforts are performed.
- B. Ethical Standards. Officers, employees and external investment advisors of the Clerk's Office who are involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with State Statutes, County ordinances, proper management of the investment portfolio or which could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. Investment officials and employees, including members of the Investment Oversight Committee, shall disclose any material financial interests in any investment firms, or financial institutions that conduct business with the County and shall refrain from undertaking personal investment transactions with the same individual with whom business is conducted on behalf of the County.

Limits of Liability. Other than by an action of the County, the County shall provide for the defense and indemnification of any Committee member who is made a party to any suit or proceeding or against whom a claim is asserted by reason of their actions taken within the scope of their service as an appointed member of this committee. Such indemnity shall extend to judgments, fines, and amounts paid in settlement of such claim suit, or proceeding, including any appeal thereof. This protection shall extend only to members who have acted in good faith and in a manner reasonably believed to be in, or not opposed to, the best interest of the County.

IV. AUTHORITY

Responsibility for the administration of the investment program is vested in the Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk), as provided in Section 28.33, Florida Statutes. The Clerk shall exercise this authority to invest surplus funds in accordance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The Clerk hereby delegates the day-to-day responsibility for the administration of the investment program to the Finance Director. The Finance Director shall maintain an Investment Procedures and Internal Controls Manual based on this Policy.

V. INVESTMENT OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE

The Board is responsible for setting guidelines for the investment of the portfolio through the adoption of this Investment Policy. The Board recognizes that there is an expertise required both for setting the guidelines and the review of performance, which may exceed the technical background of individual commissioners and has, therefore, created the Investment Oversight Committee. This Committee is charged with the responsibility to review this Policy on a regular basis and to recommend changes. The Clerk will provide sufficiently detailed reports to the Committee in order for the Committee to review portfolio performance. The Committee will establish portfolio benchmarks in order to judge the performance of the portfolio with respect to the market and other portfolios of similar size and limitations. The Committee will provide the Board a report as of the close of the fiscal year recapping the performance of the portfolio and any external managers. The Board or the Committee may request additional meetings to discuss issues of concern or direction.

VI. PROCUREMENT OF EXTERNAL INVESTMENT MANAGERS

The County may utilize external investment managers to assist with management of the portfolio. External management may be employed in situations where, due to limitations in the areas of staff time or expertise, such outside resources would be in a better position to overcome such limitations. Securities purchased by the external manager on behalf of the County and other investments held by the fund must be in compliance with the constraints identified by this Policy. The average duration of the funds managed by any one external manager on behalf of the County as part of the portfolio shall not exceed three years.

The Clerk in her capacity as Chief Financial Officer of Leon County oversees the selection of external managers through a competitive selection process (an RFP). The RFP committee will include county and clerk staff along with investment experts from other governments or the community. In making this selection, consideration will be given to past investment performance, fees, assets under management, experience of the firm and the individuals managing portfolios of similar size, complexity and investment restrictions. Upon selection of an external manager, the Clerk will execute a contract with the firm. External managers will be evaluated and retained based upon their investment performance.

VII. THIRD-PARTY CUSTODIAL AGREEMENTS

The Clerk will execute a Third Party Custodial Safekeeping Agreement with a depository chartered by the United States Government or the State of Florida. All securities purchased, and/or collateral obtained by the Clerk shall be properly designated as an asset of the County and held in an account separate from other assets held by the depository. No withdrawal of such securities, in whole or in part, shall be made from safekeeping except by authorized staff. The Clerk will enter into a formal agreement with an institution of such size and expertise as is necessary to provide the services needed to protect and secure the investment assets of the County.

Securities transactions between a broker-dealer and the custodian involving purchase or sale of securities by transfer of money or securities must be made on a "delivery vs. payment" basis, if applicable, to ensure that the custodian will have the security or money, as appropriate, in hand at the conclusion of the transaction.

The Third Party Custodial Safekeeping Agreement shall include letters of authority from the Clerk and details as to responsibilities of each party. These responsibilities include notification of security transactions, repurchase agreements, wire transfers, safekeeping and transactions costs, procedures in case of wire failure and other unforeseen mishaps, including the liability of each party.

VIII. INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Treasury Manager shall establish and monitor a set of written internal controls designed to protect the County's funds and ensure proper accounting and reporting of the securities transactions. The internal controls should be designed to prevent losses of funds, which might arise from fraud, employee error, and misrepresentation by third parties, or imprudent actions by employees. The written procedures should include reference to safekeeping, repurchase agreements, separation of transaction authority from accounting and recordkeeping, wire transfer agreements, banking service contracts, collateral/depository agreements, and "delivery-vs-payment" procedures.

No person may engage in an investment transaction except as authorized under the terms of this policy. All daily investment activity is performed by the Treasury Manager under supervision of the Finance Director.

Pursuant to Section 218.415 (13), Florida Statutes, independent auditors as a normal part of the annual financial audit to the County shall conduct a review of the system of internal controls to ensure compliance with policies and procedures.

IX. CONTINUING EDUCATION

The Clerk staff responsible for making investment decisions must annually complete eight hours of continuing education in subjects or courses of study related to investment practices and products.

X. POLICY REVIEW AND AMENDMENT

This Policy shall be reviewed annually by the Investment Oversight Committee and any recommended changes will be presented to the Board of County Commissioners for adoption.

XI. AUDITS

Certified public accountants conducting audits of units of local government pursuant to Section 218.39, Florida Statutes shall report, as part of the audit, whether or not the local government has complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

XII. MASTER REPURCHASE AGREEMENT

The County will require all approved institutions and dealers transacting repurchase agreements to execute and perform as stated in the Master Repurchase Agreement. All repurchase agreement transactions will adhere to requirements of the Master Repurchase Agreement.

XIII. INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE AND REPORTING

A quarterly investment report shall be prepared by the Finance Office and provided to the County Administrator and the Investment Oversight Committee. The report shall include an analysis of the portfolio by sector, maturity, yield, as well as its overall performance during that period with sufficient detail for a comprehensive review of investment activity and performance.

An annual report will be presented to the Board of County Commissioners (“Board”), which shall include securities in the portfolio by sector, book value, income earned, market value and yield. Investment performance shall measure risk characteristics, portfolio size, sector allocations, and year-to-date earnings to an appropriate benchmark.

The County Administrator shall be notified immediately of deviations from currently approved investment policies. In the event of a ratings agency downgrade to below the A or better requirement, a written notification and investment plan from the external manager must be submitted to the County Administrator. A forced or immediate sale of the downgraded asset is not required.

XIV. RISK DIVERSIFICATION AND PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

The County recognizes that investment risks can result from issuer defaults, market price changes, change in credit ratings, reinvestment of principal and interest, or various technical complications leading to temporary illiquidity. For purposes of this Policy, the top nationally recognized statistical ratings organizations (NRSROs) for all credit-sensitive securities are Moody’s, Standard and Poor’s, and Fitch. Portfolio diversification and maturity limitations are employed as primary methods of controlling risk. Market value shall be the basis for determining portfolio percentages and compliance with this Policy.

The average range of duration for the County’s overall portfolio, inclusive of internally and externally managed investments, is defined as 0.5 years to 2.5 years. Unusual market or

economic conditions may mandate moving the portfolio outside of this range. The Investment Oversight Committee will be convened and will approve any portfolio duration outside of the range specified above.

XV. AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS

This section lists the authorized investments for the internal and external county portfolios. Details of key limitations on authorized investments are provided in Exhibit A. Investments not listed in this policy are prohibited.

Internal Investment Portfolio

- A. The Local Government Surplus Trust Fund (Florida Prime), Florida Treasury Special Purpose Investment Account (SPIA), or any intergovernmental investment pools authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969 as provided in Section 163.01 Florida Statutes.
- B. Investments may be made in SEC qualified constant net asset value fixed income money market mutual funds rated AAAM or AAAG comprised of only those investment instruments as authorized in this Policy, provided that such funds do not allow derivatives.
- C. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories as defined in Section 280.02 Florida Statutes. This includes, but is not limited to, time deposit accounts, demand deposit accounts, and non-negotiable certificates of deposit.

External Investment Portfolio

- D. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury. Investments may be made in negotiable direct obligations or obligations the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government.
- E. Federal agencies and instrumentalities. United States Government Agencies and sponsored agencies which are non-full faith and credit.
- F. Corporate Debt Securities. Investments may be made in securities issued by any U.S. corporation provided that such instrument is rated A or better by at least two NRSROs.
- G. Municipal Bonds. Investments may be made in securities issued by governmental entities or territorial boundaries of the United States provided that such instrument is rated A or better by at least two NRSROs.
- H. Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS). Only agency collateralized (FNMA, FHLMC and GNMA) MBS, including collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), may be purchased.
- I. Asset-Backed Securities (ABS). Only ABS collateralized by traditional consumer receivables such as automobile, equipment, utility, and credit card loans may be purchased. The minimum credit rating for ABS must be AAA by at least two NRSRO at

the time of purchase.

- J. Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (CMBS). Only agency collateralized CMBS may be purchased.
- K. Repurchase Agreements. Investments whose underlying purchased securities consist of United States Treasury, Federal agencies and/or Instrumentalities and based on the requirements set forth in the Clerk's Master Repurchase Agreement.
- L. Banker's Acceptances. Investments may be made in bankers' acceptances which are inventory based and issued by a bank, which has at the time of purchase, an unsecured, uninsured and un-guaranteed obligation rating of at least "Prime-1" and "A" by Moody's and "A-1" and "A" by Standard & Poor's.
- M. Commercial Paper. Investments may be made in commercial paper of any United States company, which is rated at the time of purchase, "Prime-1" by Moody's and "A-1" by Standard & Poor's (prime commercial paper). Asset backed commercial paper is prohibited.

XVI. SUMMARY OF KEY LIMITATIONS ON AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS

The detail guidelines for investments and limits on security issues, issuers, maturities, and credit quality as established by the Clerk are provided in **Exhibit A**. The Clerk or the Clerk's designee (Finance Director) shall have the option to further restrict or increase investment percentages from time to time based on market conditions. Exceeding percentage limits due to changes in portfolio balance will not require liquidation of any asset, but will restrict further investing. Any changes to the portfolio composition guidelines or limits must be in writing from the Finance Director, directed to the appropriate parties and discussed at each quarterly Investment Oversight Committee meeting.

Additional Portfolio Limitations

- A. The limits for the Internally Managed portfolio apply to the combined internal and external portfolios.
- B. The External Manager's limits apply to external portfolio.
- C. The maximum combined portfolio allocation to MBS, CMBS and ABS securities is 45% at time of purchase.
- D. The maximum combined portfolio allocation to corporate debt and municipal securities is 45% at time of purchase.
- E. Portfolio securities may be purchased in either fixed or floating-rate form.
- F. All investments must be denominated in U.S. Dollars.
- G. Investments rated BBB and below are not permitted at the time of purchase. The lower rating shall apply in instances of split-rated securities.

LEON COUNTY INVESTMENT POLICY
EXHIBIT A

IP Section	Authorized	Security Type	Portfolio Sector Maximum	Subsector Maximum	Per Issuer Maximum	Maximum Maturity/WAL Limit	Quality Minimum
XVI.A.	IM	State of Florida Treasury Special Purpose Investment Account (SPIA);	100%	NA	NA	NA	NA
XVI. A.	IM	Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Prime) FL Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT); FL Municipal Investment Trust (FMIVT)	15% each Pool	NA	NA	NA	NA
XIV. B.	IM	Constant Net Asset Value Money Market Mutual Funds	100%	NA	NA	NA	SEC-qualified, must hold investments allowed by this Policy
XVI. C.	IM	Financial Deposit Instruments	30%	NA	NA	2-Year Mat; 1 Year Avg Maturity	Florida Security for Public Dep. Act
XVI. D.	EM	United States Government Securities	100%	NA	NA	10-Year Maturity	NA
XVI. E.	EM	United States Federal Agencies (full faith and credit)	100%	NA	20.0%	5-Year Maturity	NA
XVI. E.	EM	Federal Instrumentalities (Non-full full faith and credit)	45%	NA	15.0%	5-Year Maturity	NA
XVI. F.	EM	Corporate Debt Securities	25%	NA	3.0%	5-Year Maturity	A3/A- by 2 NRSRO
XVI. G.	EM	Municipal Bonds	35%	NA	3.0%	5-Year Maturity	A3/A- by 2 NRSRO
XVI. H.	EM	Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS), including CMOs	35%	Agency-only	5.0%	5-Year WAL	Agency
XVI. I.	EM	Asset-Backed Securities (ABS)	10%	NA	3.0%	5-Year WAL	Aaa/AAA by 2 NRSRO
XVI. J.	EM	Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities (CMBS)	8%	Agency-only	3.0%	5-Year WAL	Agency
XVI. K.	EM	Repurchase Agreements	15%, if longer than 1-Day	NA	5.0%	60-Days	Requires Master Repo Agreement
XVI. L.	EM	Bankers' Acceptances	15%	NA	5.0%	270-Days	A1/P1 by 2 NRSRO
XVI. M.	EM	Commercial Paper	20%	No ABCP	5.0%	270-Days	A1/P1 by 2 NRSRO

EM. External Managers where limits apply to external portfolio.

IM. Internal Management where limits apply to combined internal and external portfolios.

WAL. Weighted Average Life.

The maximum combined portfolio allocation to MBS, CMBS and ABS securities is 45% at time of purchase.

The maximum combined portfolio allocation to corporate debt and municipal securities is 45% at time of purchase.

Portfolio securities may be purchased in either fixed or floating-rate form.